社会保障費の拡大を容認すると60%の消費税が必要になる

労働力人口が減少し国民所得が伸びないので社会保障支出だけが伸びている。社会保障支出の抑制を講じるべきだ。

【試算】

財

財政予算は将来世代の負担だ。消費税を6%に引き上げると、社会保障費の拡大もなければ、消費税率が5%になる。

Addressing Social Security Expenditure and Taxation

Declining labor force and stagnant national income are contributing to rising social security expenses. It is necessary to consider ways to restrain social security expenditures.

[Calculations]

Fiscal Policy

Budget allocations have a fiscal responsibility to future generations. Increasing the consumption tax to 6% would not only increase social security expenditures but also raise the consumption tax rate to 5%.